Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

December 31, 2015

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**KPMG** 

PO Box 493 Century Yard Grand Cayman KY1-1106 CAYMAN ISLANDS Telephone: +1 345 949-4800 Fax: +1 345 949-7164 Internet: www.kpmg.ky

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of: BIAS Global Portfolios, SPC – BIAS Short Duration Income Fund – US\$ Segregated Portfolio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of BIAS Short Duration Income Fund – US\$ Segregated Portfolio (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Fund's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2015, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

KTMU

May 4, 2016

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2015

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	Note		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Interest and other income receivable Subscriptions receivable Other assets	3 5,6,10	\$	322,233 8,088,044 55,306 80 5,692	\$	254,275 10,092,418 73,969 - 5,685
Total assets			8,471,355	_	10,426,347
Equity Redeemable share capital Share premium Retained earnings	8	\$	755 5,559,832 2,835,645	\$	934 7,555,649 2,862,395
Total equity (net assets)		\$	8,396,232	\$	10,418,978
Liabilities Redemptions payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Total liabilities	7	_	60,015 15,108 75,123	_	7,369 7,369
Total equity and liabilities		\$	8,471,355	\$	10,426,347
Class A Shares outstanding	8	_	75,569	_	93,425
Net asset value per share		\$	111.11	\$	111.52

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Authorised for issue on behalf of the Board of Directors on May 4, 2016:

# **ROBERT PIRES**

Director

# MARTIN ZOLNAI

Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

	Note	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Investment income			
Interest income	4	\$ 118,654	\$ 98,160
Net realised gain on sale of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss	5,12	11,833	2,623
Change in net unrealised (loss)/gain on financial assets	~	(77, (0.4)	2 ( 12
at fair value through profit or loss	5	 (76,694)	 3,643
Total investment income		53,793	104,426
Expenses			
Management fees	7	(13,868)	(17,982)
Administration fees	7	(26,000)	(26,000)
Other general expenses		(35,669)	(23,527)
Directors' fees	7	 (5,006)	 (4,844)
Total expenses		(80,543)	(72,353)
(Loss)/Profit for the year		\$ (26,750)	\$ 32,073

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

		Redeemable Share	Share	Retained	
		Capital	Premium	Earnings	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2013	\$	1,274	11,341,513	2,830,322	\$ 14,173,109
Total comprehensive income					
for the year					
Profit for the year		_	_	32,073	32,073
Transactions with owners,					
recognised directly in equity					
Contributions and redemptions to					
Shareholders					
Issue of Class A Shares		173	1,938,856	-	1,939,029
Redemption of Class A Shares		(513)	(5,724,720)	-	(5,725,233)
Total transactions with owners		(340)	(3,785,864)	-	(3,786,204)
Balance as at December 31, 2014	<b>\$</b>	934	7,555,649	2,862,395	\$ 10,418,978
Total comprehensive loss for the year					
Loss for the year		_	_	(26,750)	(26,750)
Transactions with owners,					
recognised directly in equity					
Contributions and redemptions to					
Shareholders					
Issue of Class A Shares		242	2,696,741	-	2,696,983
Redemption of Class A Shares		(421)	(4,692,558)	-	(4,692,979)
Total transactions with owners		(179)	(1,995,817)	-	(1,995,996)
Balance as at December 31, 2015	\$ _	755	5,559,832	2,835,645	\$ 8,396,232

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Cash flows from operating activities			
(Loss)/Profit for the year	\$	(26,750)	\$ 32,073
Adjustments to reconcile (loss)/profit to net cash provided			
by operating activities:  Amortization and accretion of bond premiums and discounts		184,880	327,396
Purchase of investments		(4,746,659)	(1,937,793)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments		6,501,292	5,193,771
Net realised (gain)/loss on sale and maturity of financial assets and		0,301,292	3,173,771
liabilities at fair value through profit and loss		(11,833)	(2,623)
Change in net unrealised (gain)/loss on financial assets and		(11,033)	(2,023)
liabilities at fair value through profit and loss		76,694	(3,643)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		,	( ) /
Interest and other income receivable		18,663	43,737
Other assets		(7)	(367)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_	7,739	 <u>-</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,004,019	 3,652,551
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from subscriptions of Class A Shares		2,696,903	1,939,179
Payments on redemptions of Class A Shares	_	(4,632,964)	 (5,745,517)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,936,061)	 (3,806,338)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		67,958	(153,787)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		254,275	 408,062
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	322,233	\$ 254,275
Supplemental information Interest received	\$	322,197	\$ 469,293

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

# 1. Incorporation and principal activity

BIAS Global Portfolios, SPC (the "Company") was incorporated as a Cayman Islands exempted company and registered as a segregated portfolio company under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands on July 11, 2006. The Company registered under the Mutual Funds Law of the Cayman Islands on November 21, 2006. The address of its registered office is Appleby Trust (Cayman) Ltd., Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands.

The Company established BIAS Short Duration Income Fund – US\$ Segregated Portfolio (the "Fund"), a segregated portfolio, on December 15, 2006. The Fund commenced operations on December 29, 2006.

At December 31, 2015, the Company has four segregated portfolios, namely, the Fund the BIAS Global Equities Fund – US\$ Segregated Portfolio, BIAS Global Balanced Fund – US\$ Segregated Portfolio, and the BIAS Global Dividend Income Fund – US\$ Segregated Portfolio. Additional Segregated Portfolios may be established by the Company in the future at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. As a matter of Cayman Islands law, the assets of one segregated portfolio will not be available to meet the liabilities of another. However, the Company is a single legal entity which may operate or have assets held on its behalf or be subject to claims in other jurisdictions which may not necessarily recognise such segregation.

The Fund's Class A Shares are listed on the Cayman Islands Stock Exchange and the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

The Fund is a segregated portfolio and a separate individually managed pool of assets constituting, in effect, a separate fund with its own investment objective. The assets, liabilities, and results of operations of the Company or other segregated portfolios are not included in these financial statements. BIAS Asset Management Ltd. (the "Investment Manager"), a related party through common directors, acts as the Fund's Investment Manager under the Investment Management Agreement. The Investment Manager has entered into an agreement to delegate its duties to Bermuda Investment Advisory Services Limited (the "Sub-Manager"). BIAS (Cayman) Ltd. and Comerica Bank (the "Custodians") act as the Fund's custodians, and Cayman National Fund Services (the "Administrator") acts as the Fund's administrator.

Assets are identified as either general Company or Segregated Portfolio assets. Those attributable to a segregated portfolio comprise assets representing the total equity attributable to the segregated portfolio and other assets attributable to or held within that segregated portfolio. They are held separately from, and are not comingled with, assets of the other segregated portfolios noted above. The general assets of the Company comprise a cash balance of \$1, representing the amount received upon issuance of the Ordinary Shares (see Note 8). As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the general assets are not presented separately on the statement of financial position due to immateriality. No income or expenses have been attributed to the general assets to date.

The objective of the Fund is to offer a vehicle for investing in high quality money market and short duration income producing instruments denominated in United States ("US") dollars, which offer liquidity, low risk and attractive returns consistent with prudent investment management.

# 2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period and are consistent with prior year.

# (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (a) Basis of preparation (continued)

The financial statements are presented in United States ("US") dollars, which is also the Fund's functional currency, and not the local currency of the Cayman Islands reflecting the fact that the Fund's Class A Shares are issued in US dollars, and assets and liabilities are denominated in US dollars.

The statement of financial position presents assets and liabilities in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current items. All the Fund's assets and liabilities are held for the purpose of being traded or are expected to be realised within one year.

These financial statements are prepared on a fair value basis for financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss. Other financial assets and liabilities and non-financial assets and liabilities are stated at amortised cost which is considered to approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities.

A number of new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2015, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. The Fund does not plan to adopt early.

### (i) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9, published in July 2014, will replace the existing guidance in IAS 39. It includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and the new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39.

IFRS 9 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted. Based on the initial assessment, this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Fund.

### (b) Investment income and expense

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date and is reported gross of withholding tax and the corresponding withholding tax is recognised as a tax expense. Bank interest income and expense is accounted for on the accrual basis.

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument (or, when appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial instrument. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses. Interest received or receivable is recognised in profit or loss as interest income.

# (c) Financial assets and liabilities

### (i) Classification

In accordance with IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, all investments are classified as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, under the sub-category of financial assets and liabilities held for trading.

Financial assets that are classified as loans and receivables include cash and cash equivalents, interest and other income receivable, subscriptions receivable and other assets. Financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are carried at amortized cost and include accounts payable and redemptions payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (ii) Recognition/derecognition

Purchases and sales of investments are initially recognised on the trade date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the investment. Other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date they are originated. Investments and other financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred all risks and rewards of ownership. The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Gains and losses on the disposal of financial assets and liabilities are computed on a first-in, first-out basis ("FIFO") and are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise within net realised (loss)/gain on sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Movements in unrealised gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within change in net unrealised (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, with transaction costs recognised in profit or loss. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue. 'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost, less impairment losses, if any.

# (iv) Fair value measurement principles

The Fund's investments are valued on the Friday of each week and at month-end (the "Valuation Date"). In accordance with IFRS 13, for those financial assets and liabilities, at fair value through profit and loss, which have a quoted price in an active market, the Fund uses the last traded price in cases where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. Where the last traded price falls outside the bid-ask spread, the bid price is used for long securities and the ask price for securities held short. There were no listed financial equity instruments for which quotations were not readily available in active markets on a recognised public stock exchange during any of the periods presented.

The fair value of fixed income securities are estimated using market price quotations (where observable).

# (v) Identification and measurement of impairment

A financial asset not classified at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that loss event had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (c) Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when incurred. Interest on impaired assets continues to be recognised. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through the statement of comprehensive income. There are no impairments for the year ended December 31, 2015.

# (vi) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund has a legal right to offset the amounts and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at fair through profit or loss and foreign exchange gains and losses. There is no offsetting in the statement of financial position at December 31, 2015.

### (d) Operating expenses

The Fund is responsible for all normal operating expenses including audit fees, stamp and other duties and charges incurred on the acquisition and realisation of investments. All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the accruals basis.

# (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, money market investments, and balances held with the investment broker with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in their fair value. Money market funds are valued at the net asset value as provided by the managers of the underlying funds.

### (f) Share Capital

The Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

Ordinary Shares are classified as share capital of the Company. The Class A Shares are the most subordinate class of financial instruments in the Fund. The Class A Shares provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the Fund's net assets at each weekly redemption date and also in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

A puttable financial instrument that includes a contractual obligation for the Fund to repurchase or redeem that instrument for cash or another financial asset is classified as equity, if it meets all of the following conditions:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

- (f) Share Capital (continued)
  - apart from the contractual obligation for the Fund to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
  - the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

The Fund's Class A Shares meet these conditions and are classified as equity.

When Class A Shares recognised as equity are redeemed, the par value of the shares is presented as a deduction from redeemable share capital. Any premium or discount to par value is recognised as an adjustment to share premium, or if insufficient to retained earnings. Redemptions payable are classified as financial liabilities and are measured at the present value of the redemption amounts.

### (g) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Management does not believe that the estimates and assumptions have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	•	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
	Money market funds held at broker	 322,233	 254,275
	Total	\$ 322,233	\$ 254,275

# 4. Interest Income

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Interest Income on financial assets carried at amortised cost:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	31	-
	\$ 31	\$ -
Interest income on financial instruments held for trading:		
Debt securities	118,623	98,160
	\$ 118,654	\$ 98,160

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

# 5. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The following tables summarise financial assets and liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the related changes as presented in the statements of financial position and comprehensive income:

<u>2015</u>	Cost		Fair value
Financial assets held for trading: Government bonds Corporate bonds	\$ 2,918,729 5,240,499	\$	2,906,315 5,181,729
Total	\$ 8,159,228	\$	8,088,044
<u>2014</u>	Cost		<u>Fair value</u>
Financial assets held for trading: Government bonds Corporate bonds	\$ 3,716,347 6,370,561	\$	3,726,474 6,365,944
Total	\$ 10,086,908	\$	10,092,418
	 2015	=	2014
Net realised gain on sale of financial assets	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>
at fair value through profit or loss:  Corporate and government bonds	\$ 11,833	\$	2,623
Change in net unrealised (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:  Government bonds  Corporate bonds	 (22,541) (54,153)	_	5,616 (1,973)
Total	\$ (76,694)	\$	3,643

The net realised (loss)/gain on sale of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss represents the difference between the acquisition price, or the carrying amount of a financial instrument and its sale/settlement price. The change in net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represents the difference between the acquisition price, or carrying amount of the respective financial instrument at the beginning of the period, and its carrying amount at the end of the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 6. Fair value of financial instruments

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measuring fair value:

- Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access at the valuation date. An active market for the asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Level 2 inputs include the following:
  - a) Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
  - b) Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, that is, markets in which there are few transactions for the asset or liability, the prices are not current, or price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly.
  - c) Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (e.g. interest rate and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates).
  - d) Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's own assumptions about how market participants would be expected to value the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances, other than market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund and might include the Fund's own data.

An investment is always categorised as Level 1, 2 or 3 in its entirety. In certain cases, the fair value measurement for an investment may use a number of different inputs that fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and is specific to the investment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

# **6.** Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

The following table analyses, under the fair value hierarchy, the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at December 31, 2015 and 2014:

<u>2015</u>		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		<u>Total</u>
Money market funds	\$	322,233	\$	_	\$	_	\$	322,233
Government bonds: Canada United States		- 2,388,740		517,575 		- -		517,575 2,388,740
Total government bonds		2,388,740		517,575		_	_	2,906,315
Corporate bonds: United States Sweden Total corporate bonds	_	_ 	_	4,928,771 252,958 5,181,729	_		_	4,928,771 252,958 5,181,729
Total	\$	2,710,973	\$	5,699,304	\$	_	\$	8,410,277

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

<u>2014</u>		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		<u>Total</u>
Money market funds	\$	254,275	\$	_	\$	_	\$	254,275
Government bonds: Canada		539,140		_		_		539,140
United States		3,187,334	_		_	<u> </u>	_	3,187,334
Total government bonds	_	3,726,474		_		_	_	3,726,474
Corporate bonds:								
United Kingdom		_		804,048		_		804,048
United States		<u> </u>	_	5,561,896	_	<del>_</del>	_	5,561,896
Total corporate bonds	_	_	_	6,365,944		_	_	6,365,944
Total	\$	3,980,749	\$	6,365,944	\$	_	\$	10,346,693

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### **6.** Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's assets and liabilities (by class) not classified as at fair value through profit or loss at December 31, 2015 and 2014 but for which fair value is disclosed.

# 2015

Assets		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		<u>Total</u>
Interest and other income receivable Other Assets	\$	_ 	\$	55,306 5,772	\$	_ 	\$	55,306 5,772
Total	\$	_	\$	61,078	\$	_	\$	61,078
Liabilities								
Account payable and accrued expenses Redemptions Payable	\$ \$	_ 	\$ \$	15,108 60,015	\$ \$	_ 	\$ \$	15,108 60,015
Total	\$	_	\$	75,123	\$	_	\$	75,123
<u>2014</u>								
Assets		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		<u>Total</u>
	\$	<u>Level 1</u>	\$	Level 2 73,969 5,685	\$	<u>Level 3</u>	\$	<u>Total</u> 73,969 5,685
Assets Interest and other income receivable	\$ \$	<u>Level 1</u>	\$ \$	73,969	\$ \$	<u>Level 3</u>	\$ \$	73,969
Assets Interest and other income receivable Other Assets	*	<u>Level 1</u>	-	73,969 5,685	<u> </u>	<u>Level 3</u>		73,969 5,685
Assets Interest and other income receivable Other Assets Total	*	<u>Level 1</u>	-	73,969 5,685	<u> </u>	<u>Level 3</u>		73,969 5,685
Assets Interest and other income receivable Other Assets  Total  Liabilities Account payable and	\$	Level 1	\$	73,969 5,685 79,654	\$	<u>Level 3</u>	\$	73,969 5,685 79,654

The assets and liabilities in the table above are carried at amortised cost; their carrying values are a reasonable approximation of fair value, due to their short term nature.

Interest and other income receivable, other assets and subscriptions receivable classified in Level 2 include the contracted amounts for obligations due to the Fund. Accounts payable and accrued expenses and redemptions payable represent the contractual amounts and obligations due by the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 7. Fees and expenses

### Management fees

The Investment Manager of the Fund is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Fund, including managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and making decisions relating to the investment of assets of the Fund. The Fund is responsible for the payment of a management fee to the Investment Manager for its services to the Fund equal to 0.15% per annum (0.30% prior to October 1, 2013) of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund, calculated weekly and payable monthly in arrears. During the year ended December 31, 2015, management fees totalled \$13,868 (2014: \$17,982). As at December 31, 2015 management fees payable totalled \$1,076 (2014: \$1,345) and were included within accounts payable and accrued expenses on the statement of financial position. The Investment Manager compensates the Sub-Manager for performing its delegated duties.

### Administration fees

The Administrator is entitled to receive fees amounting to 0.10% per annum based on the weekly NAV of the Fund, and subject to an annual minimum fee of \$24,000. The administration fee is calculated weekly and is payable monthly in arrears. Administration fees for the year ended December 31, 2015 totalled \$26,000 (2014: \$26,000).

The Administrator and the Investment Manager are reimbursed by the Fund for other fees and expenses that are identifiable with the Fund.

#### Directors' fees

Each Director who is not an officer or employee of the Investment Manager or Sub-Manager receives a flat annual fee for serving in such capacity. The fee will be in accordance with reasonable and customary Directors' fees. The Directors are entitled to reimbursement from the Fund for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by them on behalf of the Fund.

# 8. Share capital

The Company has an authorised share capital as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 of \$50,001 divided into 100 Ordinary Shares of \$0.01 par value each and 5,000,000 non-voting, Redeemable Participating Shares of \$0.01 par value each divided upon issue into Classes for each of the segregated portfolio funds. The Ordinary Shares of the Company are owned by the Investment Manager, and are the only shares of the Company with voting rights. The Company has authorised the issuance of up to 1,000,000 Class A Shares in the Fund.

The issued share capital of the Company and Fund is as follows:

	201	5	2014	1
	Number	Par Value (US\$)	Number	Par Value (US\$)
Issued and fully paid:				
Company				
Ordinary Shares	100	1	100	1
Fund				
Class A Shares				
Balance at beginning of year	93,425	934	127,342	1,274
Issued during the year	24,225	242	17,366	173
Redeemed during the year	(42,081)	(421)	(51,283)	(513)
Balance at end of year	75,569	755	93,425	934

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

# 8. Share capital (continued)

Each Class A Share represents a beneficial interest in the Fund ranking equally in all distributions when and as declared payable. An unlimited number of the Fund's shares may be issued which are redeemable each Monday and at such other times as the Directors may determine in their discretion at the shareholders' option at the then current NAV per share, in accordance with the terms of the Information Memorandum.

Notwithstanding the redeemable shareholders' rights to redemptions above, the Fund has the right, as set out in its Information Memorandum, to impose a redemption gate limit of 5% of the Class A Shares of the Fund or \$100,000 in any redemption period in order to manage redemption levels and maintain the strength of the Fund's capital base.

In addition, no sales will be permitted within the first 90 days from initial purchase and a redemption fee of 2% will be assessed on Class A Shares redeemed within 12 months after their date of purchase and 1% on Class A Shares redeemed beyond 12 months, subject to a minimum fee of \$25 per redemption request. The redemption fee will be shared equally between the Investment Manager and the Fund, and may be waived at the discretion of the Directors.

The holders of the Ordinary Shares have a right to receive notice of, attend and vote as members at any general meeting of the Company. The Ordinary Shares are not entitled to dividends nor do they participate in the profits of neither the Company nor the Fund. On a liquidation of the Company, the general assets of the Company, being the assets of the Company which are not assets of the Segregated Portfolios, shall be available for distribution to the holders of the Ordinary Shares pro rata according to the number of Ordinary Shares held by them. The Ordinary Shares are held by the Investment Manager.

The holders of the Class A Shares are not entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote as members at any general meeting of the Company. Holders of the Class A Shares are entitled to receive dividends and participate in the profits of the Fund. On a liquidation of the Fund, the holders of the Class A Shares have a right to participate in the surplus assets of the Fund after the payment of all creditors.

# 9. Income Taxes

The Cayman Islands at present impose no taxes on profit, income, capital gains or appreciation in value of the Fund. In the event that such taxes are levied, the Fund has received an undertaking from the Governor-in-Cabinet of the Cayman Islands exempting it from all such taxes until July 25, 2026. As such, no provision for such taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

The Fund may, however, be subject to foreign withholding tax and capital gains tax in certain jurisdictions in respect of income derived from its investments.

#### 10. Financial instruments and associated risks

The Fund is exposed to a variety of financial risks in pursuing its stated investment objective and policy. These risks are defined in IFRS 7 as including market risk (which in turn includes price, interest rate and currency risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Fund takes exposure to certain of these risks to generate investment returns on its portfolio, although these risks can also potentially result in a reduction in the Fund's net assets. The Investment Manager will use its best endeavours to minimise the potential adverse effects of these risks on the Fund's performance where it can do so while still managing the investments of the Fund in a way that is consistent with the Fund's investment objective and policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 10. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

The risks, and the measures adopted by the Fund for managing these risks, are detailed below.

#### (a) Price risk

Market price risk is defined as the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument or its future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and credit spreads.

The Fund's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss consist of fixed income securities, the values of which are determined by market forces and there is accordingly a risk that market prices can change in a way that is adverse to the Fund's performance. An increase or decrease of 100 basis points in the prices of fixed income securities, with all other variables remaining constant, as at the reporting date would have increased or decreased net assets by \$80,880 (2014: \$100,924).

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Investment Manager monitors the Fund's positions on a daily basis and reports regularly to the Board of Directors. The Board then reviews the information on the Fund's overall market exposures provided by the Investment Manager at its periodic meetings.

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the overall market exposures and concentration of risk are limited to the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

#### (b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Fund's cash and cash equivalents and certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are interest bearing instruments. The Fund's other financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is detailed in the table below:

2015	Interest bearing		Non-interest bearing	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through	\$ 322,233	\$	_	\$ 322,233
profit and loss	8,088,044		_	8,088,044
Interest and other income receivable	<del>-</del>		55,306	55,306
Subscriptions receivable	_		80	80
Other assets	_		5,692	5,692
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_		(15,108)	(15,108)
Redemptions payable	 	_	(60,015)	 (60,015)
Total	\$ 8,410,277	\$	(14,045)	\$ 8,396,232

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 10. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

#### (b) Interest rate risk (continued)

2014		Interest bearing		Non-interest bearing	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	254,275	\$	_	\$ 254,275
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Interest and other income receivable Other assets Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_	10,092,418		73,969 5,685 (7,369)	 10,092,418 73,969 5,685 (7,369)
Total	\$	10,346,693	\$	72,285	\$ 10,418,978
			_		 

Should the interest bearing assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2015 be held for a period of 12 months, an increase or decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables remaining constant, would have increased or decreased net assets by \$84,103 (2014: \$103,467).

A summary of the Fund's fixed income holdings analyzed by maturity date is as follows:

<u>2015</u>		0-3 months		3-12 months		<u>1 year +</u>		<u>Total</u>
Government bonds Corporate bonds	\$_	1,278,050	\$	517,575 248,440	\$	2,388,740 3,655,239	\$	2,906,315 5,181,729
Total	\$	1,278,050	\$	766,015	\$	6,043,979	\$	8,088,044
	=		=		=		=	
<u>2014</u>		0-3 months		<u>3-12 months</u>		<u>1 year +</u>		<u>Total</u>
Government bonds Corporate bonds	\$_	1,305,273	\$	1,256,683	\$	3,726,474 3,803,988	\$	3,726,474 6,365,944
Total	\$	1,305,273	\$	1,256,683	\$	7,530,462	\$	10,092,418
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### (c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund invests in financial instruments and enters into transactions that are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency. The Fund is therefore exposed to currency risk, as the value of the securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The Fund's Investment Manager and the Sub-Manager meet on a bi-weekly basis in order to manage all relevant risks to the Fund's investments, including currency risk.

The Fund has no exposure to foreign currency or securities denominated in foreign currencies at December 31, 2015.

### (d) Other price risk

The investment manager reviews the credit concentration of debt securities held based on counterparties and industries [and geographic location as discussed in Note 6].

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 10. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

# (d) Other price risk (continued)

As at the reporting date, the Fund's debt securities exposures were concentrated in the following industries.

#### Investments in fixed income securities by industry **Year Ended December 31** % 2015 % 2014 **Basic Materials** 267,800 3.3 280,935 2.8 1,007,420 521,250 5.2 Communications 12.5 267,360 506,240 5.0 Consumer, Cyclical 3.3 Consumer, Non-cyclical 764,958 802,645 8.0 9.5 1,554,491 15.4 Energy Financial 1,577,566 19.5 1,634,051 16.2 Government 2,906,315 35.9 3,726,473 36.8 Industrial 7.8 770,590 9.5 787,043 Technology 526,035 6.5 279,290 2.8

# (e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

\$8,088,044

100.0

\$10,092,418 100.0

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Fund's financial assets are greater than the financial liabilities and assets held are liquid in nature. All liabilities are expected to mature within twelve months of the reporting date. As such, the Fund's management does not anticipate any material losses as a result of liquidity risk.

Less than one month		One to three months		<u>Total</u>
\$ 3,076 60,015	\$	12,031	\$	15,107 60,015
\$ 63,091	\$	12,031	\$	75,122
Less than one month		One to three months		<u>Total</u>
\$ 3,345	\$_	4,024	\$	7,369
\$ 3,345	\$	4,024	\$	7,369
\$  \$	one month  \$ 3,076 60,015  \$ 63,091  Less than one month  \$ 3,345	one month  \$ 3,076	one month         months           \$ 3,076	one month         months           \$ 3,076   \$ 12,031   \$ 60,015   -

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

### 10. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

### (e) Liquidity risk (continued)

As described in Note 8 to the financial statements, the Fund's Class A shares are redeemable at the shareholder's option on a weekly basis, and therefore the Fund is potentially exposed to weekly redemptions by its shareholders.

### (f) Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund.

The majority of the Fund's financial assets are held with Comerica Bank, which is rated "A3" (2014: "A2") based on rating agency Moody's ratings. Management regularly monitors the institution's credit risk and does not anticipate any significant losses from this concentration. Furthermore, the Fund only invests in investment grade fixed-income securities.

The Fund's maximum credit risk exposure at the reporting date is \$8,471,355 (2014: \$10,426,347) which is the sum of the assets reported in the statement of financial position.

### (g) Regulatory environment risk

A changing regulatory environment, including, but not limited to, changes in relevant tax laws, securities laws, bankruptcy laws or accounting standards, may make the business of the Fund less profitable or unprofitable. The ability of the Fund to carry on business from the Cayman Islands or as a Cayman Islands Fund will depend upon its initial and continuing compliance with the relevant provisions of Cayman Islands law and, in particular, the Mutual Funds Law. Management regularly monitors the institution's regulatory environment risk and does not anticipate any significant changes relevant to the Fund.

### (h) Dependence on the Investment Manager risk

The Investment Manager is responsible for investing the assets of the Fund. The success of the Fund depends upon the ability of the Investment Manager to develop and implement investment strategies that achieve the Fund's investment objectives. The Investment Manager monitors the credit rating of debt securities on a continuous basis and actively reviews its investments to achieve profitable results.

### 11. Capital risk management

At December 31, 2015 the Fund had \$8,396,232 (2014: 10,418,978) of redeemable share capital classified as equity. The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets of the Fund. The amount of net assets can change significantly on a weekly basis as the Fund is subject to weekly subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of the Directors. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for holders of Class A Shares and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund. The Fund's policies with respect to managing its capital risk are discussed in Note 8 above. There were no changes in the policies and procedures during the year with respect to the Fund's approach to its redeemable share capital management.

The Board of Directors and Investment Manager monitor capital on the basis of the value of net assets of the Fund.

The Fund is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Expressed in United States dollars)

# 12. Related party transactions

As at December 31, 2015, the Directors of the Fund held nil (2014: 2,342) Class A Shares in the Fund. As at December 31, 2015, persons or entities related to the Directors, the Investment Manager, or the Sub-Manager held 18.86% (2014: 19.18%) of the Class A Shares in the Fund.

BIAS (Cayman) Ltd. earns trade commission revenue based on trades executed within the Fund's normal course of business. Commissions are calculated by BIAS (Cayman) Ltd. based on gross trade amount and security type.

Management fees and Directors fees are considered related party transactions and are discussed in Note 7 above.

BIAS (Cayman) Ltd. and the Sub-Manager are related to the Fund by virtue of common control.

# 13. Subsequent events

From January 1, 2016 through May 4, 2016 the Fund received approved subscriptions of \$2,730,421 and paid approved redemptions of \$1,788,038.